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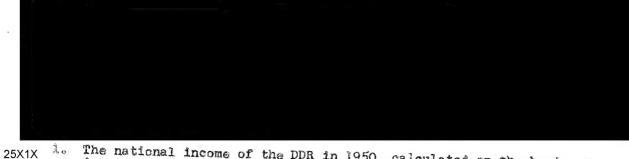
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- The national income of the DDR in 1950, calculated on the basis of income tax and social insurance payments, amounted to approximately DM-58,000,000,000. In considering this figure, it must be taken into account that the entire population is affected by a double prize standard, the rationed and the free. Thus, an income of DM-200 east monthly has about 66 percent of the purchasing power of the same income in Western Germany, while an income of DM-350 east has 50 percent and an income of DM-600 east goes down to about 40 percent of the purchasing power for similar Westmark incomes. The larger this income, the more may be spent for ration-free but heavily taxed and highly-priced items, against which the buying power of income profit of that in Western Germany. It may be estimated that the other half of that in Western Germany. It may be estimated that the other through cost of restoration of dismantled industrial plant and through extraordinary occupation costs.
 - 2. Following is a tabulation of the planned and the actual investment program in the DDR for 1950:

<u>Industrial</u>	Planned	Actual
Machine construction Coal mining Electric power Metals production Chemical production Building Stone and earths Light industries Food products (including fisheries Government building construction	DM-215,900,000 93,800,000 49,300,000 228,900,000 83,700,000 22,300,000 15,500,000 82,500,000 83,200,000 10,400,000	DM-181,300,000 77,100,000,38,500,000,38,500,000,500,500,000,500,500,500,500,50
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i de	Planned	Actual
Transportation and Communication		The second of th
Railways Water transport Motor vehicle transport Mail, telegraph, telephone	146,200,000 21,100,000 400,000 27,200,000	114,100,000 17,100,000 100,000 22,800,000
	DM-194,900,000	DM-154,100,000
<u>Agriculture</u>		
Peoples -cwned farm lands Land reclamation Tractor lending stations (MAS) Water supply and maintenance Stock raising Forestry Research	21,300,000 37,000,000 83,000,000 36,000,000 1,400,000 30,000,000 2,200,000	17,800,000 34,100,000 80,500,000 33,900,000 1,300,000 29,300,000
	DM-210,900,000	DM-198,700,000
Domestic Supply	DM- 17,800,000	DM- 18,000,000
Foreign Trade and Supply	DM- 17,400,000	DM- 10,400,000
Peoples - Owned Farm Products Pur- chase Agency (VVFAB)	DM- 11,500,000	DM- 11,500,000
Education	DM- 5,600,000	DM- 4,500,000
Public Health	DM- 31,800,000	DM- 28,800,000
Justice	DM- 2,400,000	DM- 1,900,000
Government Buildings		
Chancellory Ministry of Interior Plans and specifications	38,400,000 45,000,000 10,000,000	27,700,000
	DM- 93,400,000	DM- 30,400,000
Scientific and Technical Advance	DM- 10,200,000	DM- 8,000,000
The Land Administration		
Saxony Saxony-Anhalt Brandenburg Thuringia Mecklenburg City of East Berlin	143,500,000 100,400,000 80,100,000 93,400,000 68,800,000 207,800,000	107,600,000 78,600,000 60,700,000 76,600,000 54,900,000 154,800,000
-	DM-694,000,000	DM-533,200,000
Resettlement Program	DM-100,000,000	وران منه مرس مورد مورد وي

3. HO sales statistics are reported as follows:

A. HO sales for the last three months of 1950 in the Soviet Sector of Berlin:

Food Products Textiles Restaurants	DM-36,000,000 25,000,000 4,500,000	November DM-39,000,000 31,000,000 4,600,000	December DM-51,000,000 40,000,000 4,700,000	DM TOTAL 126,000,000 96,000,000 13,800,000
	DM-65,500,000	DM-74,600,000	DM-95,700,000	235, 600,000





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B. The HO turnover for the entire year of 1950 for both the Soviet Zone and the Soviet Sector of Berlin amounted to DM-4,237,000,000. The three months of the final quarter are broken down thus:

 October
 DM-413,000,000

 November
 449,000,000

 December
 582,000,000

C. During the month of March 1951, HO sales in Berlin were:

Food Products
Textiles
Restaurants
Other

DM-38,000,000
31,300,000
4,600,000
11,000,000
DM-84,900,000

- D. The cash sales of the HO in Berlin during April 1951 were DM-76,700,000. Of this, DM-34,000,000 was received from sales of food products.
- 4. The sum allocated for investment during 1951 in the VEB Walzlagerfabrik Fraureuth has been raised by DM-4,400,000 while the allocation for Walzlagerfabrik Lichtenberg has been reduced by DM-1,800,000.
- 5. The community of West-Staaken, recently separated from the city administration of West Berlin and incorporated into the Soviet Zone, has been allocated DM-932,000 in investment money for the purposes listed below:

Motion Picture Theatre	DM-320,000
Health Clinic	200,000
Street Construction	160,000
Street Lighting	60,000
Schools, Churches, etc.	192,000

- 6. Siegfried Schramm, head of the foreign exchange section of the Ministry of Finance, has defected and fled to West Berlin. His successor is Hans Behnke, formerly employed by the Deutsche Notenbank and for a time by the Berlin Stadtkontor. From this later position he was discharged.
- 7. The Dresdner Bankverein G.m.b.H., is unable to cover its demands. Consultations over ways and means to save the institution have been going on in both Berlin and Dresden.
- 8. At the time of the Soviet Zone currency reform in June of 1948, the application of unequal conversion ratios led to an uncovered balance of DM-6,800,000,000. The legally established rate of ten to one for converting the old Reichsmarks was ignored in converting funds of the then SMA, the SED, FDGB and other privileged organizations and persons. These received their new money at the rate of one to one. This difference has now been cleared except for DM-1,700,000,000 which the Soviet Control Commission is pressing the DDR to pay off with utmost haste. The DM-5,100,000,000 already paid, came from the sources indicated below:

Funds of the former DWK, by 2nd half of 1948 DM-2,300,000,000 800,000,000 National budget, 1949 800,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000

9. Approved for investment during 1951 are, among others, the following sums for special projects:

Erection FDGB building in Erfurt Erection Thälmann monument Manufacture of electric light sockets Manufacture of reinforced concrete railway ties DM-2,000,000 350,000 3,320,000 825,000





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A request for allocation of DM-795,000 for erection of a Heinrich Mann sanitarium in Liebenstein, Thuringia was rejected because the project lacked urgency.

10. Import and export volume for the Soviet Sector of Berlin is reported by the Ministry of Finance as follows:

		Import	Export
November		DM-2,200,000	DM-2,500,000
December		5,100,000	100,000
January	1951	3,800,000	500,000
		DM-11,100,000	DM-3.100.000

- 11. On 19 April 1951, the Ministry of Finance employed 810 persons. In addition, the partly independent tax administration division (Abgabenverwaltung) employs 314 persons.*
- 12. Frau Greta Kuckhoff, president of the Deutsche Motenbank, returned the second week in April from a four-week sojourn in Moscow. On 18 April she gave a talk before a selected group of leading personnel from the Ministry of Finance and the Notenbank in which she stressed the necessity of centralizing the entire banking structure in the DDR under the Notenbank. She also announced the formation of a planning department within the Notenbank to be headed by (fnu) Heinicke who will receive the title of director. Heinicke previously was on the staff of the "Planökonomisches Institut" in Karlshorst. Also addressing the group on this occasion was Martin Schmidt, city treasurer of East Berlin, who had also just returned from a stay in Russia.
- 13. The SED made cash deposits at the Berliner Stadtkontor Ost as follows:

August September October November December January	1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1951	DM-	2,750,000 1,100,000 3,800,000 1,300,000 3,200,000 1,800,000
		DM-1	13.950.000

It has been suggested by Dewey, one of the directors of the Deutsche Notenbank, that the large denomination notes be called in. The Notenbank is aware that between DM-800,000,000 and DM-1,000,000,000 are circulating uncontrolled and wishes to get this money back into regulated channels. The greatest share of this, it is presumed, is cash in the hands of the general public, in what is often referred to as pocket safes (Taschen-Tresoren). The public hangs on to it tenaciously in its fight to keep it out of the banks. Some of these funds have drifted into western hands, perticularly in West Berlin. Other sums in cash are in the hands of Wismut A.G., the SKK and the

25X1A Comment: In the HICOG study, prepared by the Office of Intelligence - Strategic Division, entitled "GDR Handbook, Part IX", the number of employees in the Ministry of Finance as of July 1950 is given as 567, exclusive of personnel belonging to the DZFD. This figure checks with the September 1950 revised directory of the